- **9.** (a) What is Ripple Counter? Discuss about the propagation delay in Ripple Counters.
 - (b) Compare and contrast Static RAM and Dynamic RAM.

Roll	No.	*************************

67008

MCA 1st Semester (Current) CBCS Scheme w.e.f. 2016-17 Examination – December, 2018 DIGITAL DESIGN

Paper: 16MCA-31C3

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 80

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note: Attempt *five* questions in all. Question No. 1 is *compulsory*. In addition to compulsory question, attempt *four* more questions selecting *one* question from each Unit.

- 1. Write short answer to the following: $8 \times 2 = 16$
 - (a) What is the effect of single left shift operation on a binary number?
 - (b) What is the full form of ASCII and EBCDIC in terms of codes?
 - (c) Write the Truth Table for F(X,Y,Z) = X+Y.Z
 - (d) Build a device that behaves like an OR gate from AND and NOT gates.
 - (e) Draw the diagram of a half adder circuit.

(4)

- (f) What is a flip flop? What is the memory storage capacity of a flip flop?
- (g) What is use of Counters in digital electronics?
- (h) Name the register(s) used to provide time delays.

UNIT - I

- **2.** (a) Encode the decimal digits 0, 1, 2, 9 by means of weighted codes 3321 and 731-2.
 - (b) What are Hamming codes? How is the Hamming code word tested and corrected?
- 3. (a) What are Gray codes? What are they used for?

 Are Gray codes useful for mathematical operations?
 - (b) Encode data bits 0011 into the 7-bit even parity Hamming code.
 - (c) Convert $(C20)_{16} = (?)_2$.

UNIT - II

- **4.** (a) Explain the significance of De Morgan's Law of Boolean algebra.
 - (b) Minimize the following multiple output functions:
 - (i) $f_1 = \Sigma m$ (0, 2, 6, 10, 11, 12, 13) + d(3, 4, 5, 14, 15)
 - (ii) $f_2 = \Sigma m(1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 13, 14, 15) + d(3, 5, 12)$
- **5.** (a) Reduce the expression : (A+(BC)')'(AB'+ABC) 4

- (b) Without reducing, implement (1 + A)(ABC) expression to NAND logic.
- (c) Reduce using K-map the expression π M(2, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14) and implement it in Universal logic.

8

UNIT - III

- **6.** (a) Design a Full Adder circuit using only two-input NAND gates. 6
 - (b) What are flip-flops? What are the uses flip-flop?Discuss the working of a J-K flip-flop.10
- **7.** (a) How S-R flip-flop can be converted to J-K flip-flop?
 - (b) Differentiate between MUX and DEMUX. Draw a basic 2-input Multiplexer circuit.
 - (c) Define the following:

6

- (i) Hold time
- (ii) Setup time

UNIT - IV

8. (a) Write short notes on the following:

8

- (i) Buffer register
- (ii) Static shift register
- (b) Differentiate between Ripple counter and Synchronous counter. 8

(3)

67008- -(P-4)(Q-9)(18)

P. T. O.