## 67144

# M.C.A. 3rd Sem. (with new notes) (Current Scheme)

# Examination-December, 2014

## Data Communication & Computer Networks

### Paper-MCA-304

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard will be entertained after the examination.

**Note:** Question No. 1 is **compulsory**. Attempt **four** questions by selecting **one** question from each unit. All questions carry equal marks.

#### Unit-I

 $8 \times 2 = 16$ 

- 1. (a) Why does impulse noise have more effect on digital signals rather than on analog signals?
  - (b) What problem is encountered in deciding whether a host has become unreachable?

- (c) Describe the token bucket mechanism for congestion control.
- (d) What do you understand by protocol hierarchies?
- (e) Distinguish between attenuation distortion and delay distortion.
- (f) Out of the three digital-to-analog modulation techniques, which one requires higher bandwidth?
- (g) Why is it necessary to limit the band of a signal before performing sampling?
- (h) What is Nyquist Theorem? Outline its significance.

#### Unit-I

- 2. (a) What problem with data transmission in broadband coaxial cable networks is addressed using frequency splitting? Name two types of frequency splitting strategy and identify how they are different.
  - (b) What is multiplexing? List different types of multiplexing techniques possible for signals and outline the working of each.
  - (c) Differentiate between analog and digital signals.
- Explain the following:

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(a)	Error-correcting codes 6		(c) What are sliding window protocols?
(c)	Data encoding 6		What are the advantages and disadvantages of credits versus sliding
(b)	Pulse code modulation 4		window protocols ? Explain. 4
	Unit-II	<b>7.</b>	Explain the following:
(a)	,		(a) Token ring 6
-	for LAN? Discuss their significance and illustrate their usefulness in detail.	er .	(b) CSMA/CD protocol 6
			(c) Satellite networks
(b)	What is OSI reference model? Illustrate the model by detailing out all important features.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Unit-IV
· (a)	What is TCP/IP Reference Model? Illustrate its working through diagram. http://www.HaryanaPapers.com 8	8.	important algorithm of your choice. 5  (b) What is switching? Does time division
(b)	What is an IP packet? What is the minimum overhead in sending an IP packet using PPP? Count only the overhead introduced by PPP itself, not the IP header overhead.		switching necessarily introduce a minimum delay at each switching stage? If so, what is it?
			(c) Differentiate between circuit switching and packet switching. 5
	Unit-III	9.	Explain the following:
			(a) Cell switching 5
(a)	Explain using an example how bit stung is used to preserve frame boundaries		(b) FTP 5
	when transmitting binary data at the Data Link level of the protocol stack. 6		(c) Congestion control mechanisms 6
(b)	What is HDLC ? Explain HDLC with flow-control and error-control. 6		

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